## Unit 2: Working in Health & Social Care

# **Answer Structure**

Using the answers/key terms, respond to each question in your revision book.

- You must use the correct structure
- Write in full sentences
- Check SPAG and use of command words

### Case Study Scenario: Ill Health

Mr Khan is an 80-year-old man who lives on his own following the death of his wife two years ago. He was born in Pakistan and moved to live in the UK over 35 years ago. He has been a healthy and active member of the local Asian community. Mr Khan's family live close by and keep in daily contact with him.

Mr Khan fell in his garden and fractured one of his hips. He has been recovering in hospital for three weeks and the discharge care manager at the hospital hopes a return home is possible once a multi-disciplinary team assessment has taken place. However, Mr Khan's son is concerned that his father is becoming confused and anxious about returning home so he has volunteered to act as an advocate for his father during the multi-disciplinary team meetings.

 (a) Identify two health and social care professionals who could become involved in Mr Khan's assessment

2 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1a	Identify TWO from:	2
	Doctor Nurse Social worker Occupational therapist Physiotherapist	

(b) Describe two benefits of multi-disciplinary teamwork for Mr Khan's care.

4 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1b	Identify one benefit (1) describe the benefit (1) (2 +2 =4 marks)	4
	The benefits could be: (2 marks)  Improved partnership working to share information (1) to ensure no gaps in service (1)  Teamwork approach, sharing experience / expertise (1) maximising skills to ensure a holistic approach (1)  Wider resource base made available (1) enabling individualised care (1)  Accept any other valid response.	

(c) Explain two of Mr Khan's needs that should be assessed before he is discharged from hospital.

6 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
_	I mark per identification of need, 2 marks per description (2x3)  His ability to move around without support from others (1) so he can maintain safety (1) and cook for himself (1)  His cognitive abilities (1) so he shows he understands what is happening to him (1) so he is able to live independently (1)  His ability to communicate (1) so he is able to express his needs (1) and get help when he	
	needs it (1)  His confidence levels (1) feels he is able to look after himself (1) so he does not get anxious / upset / depressed (1)  Ability to maintain relationships (1) he can interact with others (1) so he maintains contacts with friends and family (1)  Accept any other valid response	
	Accept any other valid response.	

# 2 (a) Outline the role of external agencies in inspecting health and social care services.

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## Case Study Scenario 2: Learning Disability

Stacey is a 13-year-old girl who attends her local residential special school, which caters for her learning disability needs.

Stacey often becomes angry and frustrated at school as a consequence of her learning disability. She enjoys sport, and wants to get more involved in team sports. Her support worker thinks that playing more sport would help her deal with the anger and frustration.

Stacey's residential special school has recently had an inspection and received a notice to improve the care it offers.

Stacey's parents are now concerned about the standard of care being offered although they like the school and its staff.

(b) Describe two activities that could be undertaken by an occupational therapist employed in a special school.

4 marks

Humber		
2b	Two activities could be undertaken by an <b>occupational therapist</b> employed in a special school (2+2 = 4 marks) 2 marks per activity. 1 mark awarded for a simple point and additional mark given for an expansion.	4
	Role/activities:  • To enable them to carry out personal care (1) to increase personal autonomy (1)  • Initial assessment of needs and abilities (1) to identify appropriate support (1)  • Advising on how to undertake tasks differently (1) using equipment /assistive technology (1)  Finding strategies to meet an individual's goals (1)	

ła	Identify a role (1) Outline that role (1)	2	2 ma
	Answers might refer to:		
	2 marks		
	Inspection to monitor and grade (1) against national standards and benchmarks (1)  Present a report to inform interested parties (1) with the findings of the inspection (1)  To make the organisation accountable (1)  Overall effectiveness  Outcomes for service users  Quality of provision and care  Service user's safety  Leadership and management of provision  Compliance with the national minimum standards for health and social care services		

(c) Explain how staff could empower service users such as Stacey to promote their rights, choices and wellbeing.

ghts, choices a	nd wellbeing.	
2c	Answers will be credited according to the learner's demonstration of knowledge and understanding of the material using the indicative content and levels descriptors below. The indicative content that follows is not prescriptive. Answers may cover some/all of the indicative content but should be rewarded for other relevant answers. Answers might refer to:	6
	<ul> <li>Individualised / personalised care; personcentred.</li> <li>Promoting and supporting individuals' rights to dignity and independence.</li> <li>Providing active support consistent with beliefs, cultures and preferences of service user.</li> <li>Supporting service user to express their needs and preferences.</li> <li>Promoting the rights choices and wellbeing; respect the individual, equal opportunities, anti-discriminatory and non-judgemental, choices offered, effective communication, confidentiality, safe and secure.</li> </ul>	

· Dealing with potential conflict with other

people/ organisations.

### 3a

Number

Mark

Outline ONE UK LAW or ACT which promotes the rights of those with a disability. (1+1 =2 marks)

1 mark for stating the LAW, I mark for some information about it. Answers might refer to:

For ONE LAW ...examples could be:

#### Equality Act 2010 (1):

- Simplifies the previous discrimination laws and puts them altogether in one piece of legislation. (1)
- To cover discrimination of groups with protected characteristics
- Protection from indirect as well as direct discrimination. (1)

#### Human Rights Act 1998:(1)

- Examples of rights eg:
  - Right to education
  - Right to life-saving medical treatment to
  - prolong the life of a disabled person
  - Right to be protected from any form of neglect (1)
- Disabled have the same equal rights and opportunities as everyone else. (1)

The question asks for DISABILITY so do not accept

answers that refer to race, gender, age etc.

# Answer Structure

Using the answers/key terms, respond to each question in your revision book.

Ouestion

number

Indicative content

setting

Undergo regular CPD

(6 marks)

Explain the responsibilities which health and social care

material using the indicative content and levels descriptors below. The indicative content that follows is not prescriptive. Answers may cover some/all of the indicative content but

Follow policies and procedures in place in their work

· Providing equipment and adaptations to support

Supporting individual preferences and routines e.g.

informed and aware of their rights, understanding

anti-discriminatory legislation/ reference to Equality Legislation e.g. Equality Act 2010/ aware of

information available that is in a form someone with

people to become more independent

leisure activities, religious ceremonies

Assessment and care and support planning to

involve the service user and their families Making information available so service users are

· Access to support /advice e.g. financial - Making

organisations have towards their service users.

should be rewarded for other relevant answers.

 Services user feedback encouraged · Reference to the principles that underpin care

· Providing washing and feeding

complaints procedures

a sensory impairment can access

Answers might refer to the need to provide:

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vumber	SPAG and use of command words	$\overline{}$
b	Describe TWO BARRIERS which Camilla, as a service user with a sensory disability could face when accessing health and social care services.  (2+2 = 4 marks)  1 mark per barrier, 1 mark per description  • Cannot see the literature due to visual impairment, (1) so does not know the services that are available (1)  • Mobility barriers such as unmarked steps (1) means reduced confidence in accessing the building (1)  • Hearing problems could hinder communication (1) causing low self-esteem (1)  • Sensory barrier can make social interaction difficult (1) making it difficult to communicate individual preferences (1)  • Emotional barriers caused by other people's attitudes (1) can lead to feelings of being stigmatised Accept any other valid response.	4

# Case Study Scenario: Physical/Sensory Disability

Camilla, aged 28 years, has a long-term visual impairment and has a guide dog called Rosa. Rosa is an essential part of Camilla's life, helping her to be mobile and enabling her to work as a teaching assistant. Rosa has been trained to guide Camilla safely around obstacles and to adapt to changes in elevation or tripping hazards.

However, when visiting a friend in hospital, Camilla was told that dogs were not allowed entry. Camilla contacted the Guide Dogs for the Blind Association who wrote a letter on her behalf to the hospital stating:

"Guide dogs are allowed to accompany their owners in any part of a hospital where there is no risk of infection, since they are an essential mobility aid."

The hospital apologised to Camilla and stated that her guide dog could accompany her during any future visits. The member of hospital staff had made a mistake when implementing its official code of practice, which does in fact allow entry for guide dogs.

3 (a) Outline one UK law or act that promotes the rights of those with a disability.

2 marks

(b) Apart from the guide dog issue, describe two other barriers that service users with a sensory disability could face when accessing health and social care services...

4 marks

(c) Explain the responsibilities that people who work in health and social care organisations have towards service users with visual impairments, such as Camilla.

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## **Case Study Scenario: Early Years**

You have been appointed to work as a healthcare assistant in the neonatal unit at Oak Trees Hospital.

The unit has a procedure in place that states what you should wear when changing the babies, such as disposable gloves and an apron. Other guidelines give information about how to disinfect surfaces and how to dispose of used nappies.

You enjoy your work and learn by observing more experienced staff. However, you have noticed that some members of staff do not wash their hands after they have finished changing nappies.

4 (a) Outline one personal risk if you do not wash your hands following nappy changing.

2 marks

(b) Describe two key objectives that Oak trees Hospital's health and safety policy should address.

4 marks

- One management strategy that can be used to reduce poor practice amongst staff is to update and create new policies.
- (c) Explain two other management strategies that could be used by Oak Trees Hospital to reduce poor staff practice.

6 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4a	Outline one personal risk if you did not wash your hands following nappy changing. (2)	2
	Answers could be:	
	Cross infections to others (1) may lead to	
	bacterial, viral, fungal and parasitic diseases (1)	
	Transfer of faecal to oral diseases (1) e.g. sickness and diarrhoea (1)	
	Award marks for any other valid responses. Named infections if appropriate.	
4b	1 mark per reason, 1 mark for an expansion	4
40	elaboration/example x2	4
	Answers could be:	
	<ul> <li>Risk assessments done (1) risks identified and managed (1)</li> </ul>	
	Accidents and near misses reported (1) action	
	taken to reduce reoccurrence (1)	
	<ul> <li>Reduces the incidence of accidents (1) reducing</li> </ul>	
	complaints/redress/compensation (1)	
	Award marks for any other valid responses	
4c	Answers will be credited according to the learner's demonstration of knowledge and understanding of the material using the indicative content and levels descriptors below. The indicative content that follows is not prescriptive. Answers may cover some/all of the indicative content but should be rewarded for other relevant answers.	6
	Answers could be:	
	They should follow relevant legislation	
	There should be a performance management	
	procedure to identify problems	
	They should respond to external inspection reports.	
	There should be an effective whistleblowing procedure	
	Service user feedback should be acted on where	
	appropriate	
	Identification of other policies/procedures the	
	organisation should have in place.	
	organisation should have in place.	